

International Study of Comparative Health Effectiveness with Medical and Invasive Approaches Primary Report of Quality of Life Outcomes

Funded by National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute

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Saint Luke's Mid America Heart Institute/UMKC On behalf of the ISCHEMIA Research Group

Scientific Sessions 2019

#AHA19

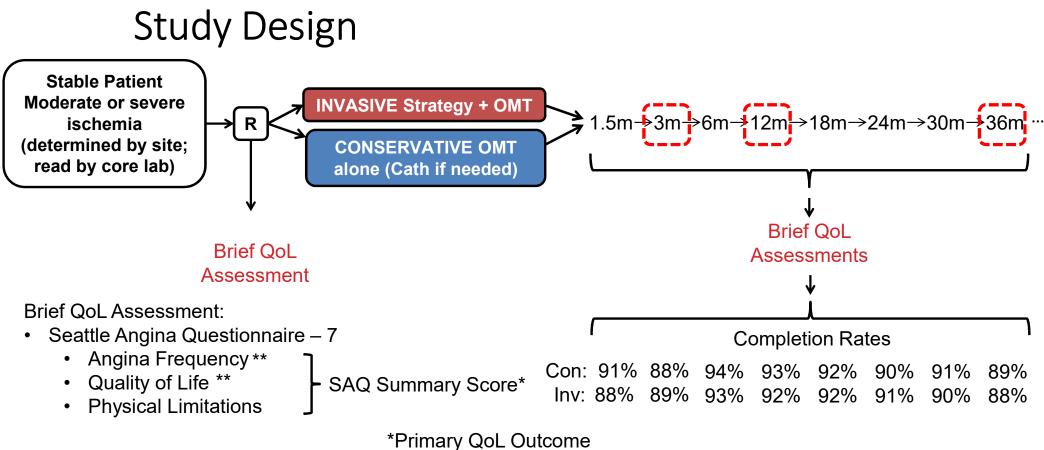
ISCHEMIA QoL Research Question

In a stable patient with at least moderate ischemia, does an invasive strategy...

improve patients' health status (their symptoms, function and quality of life)?







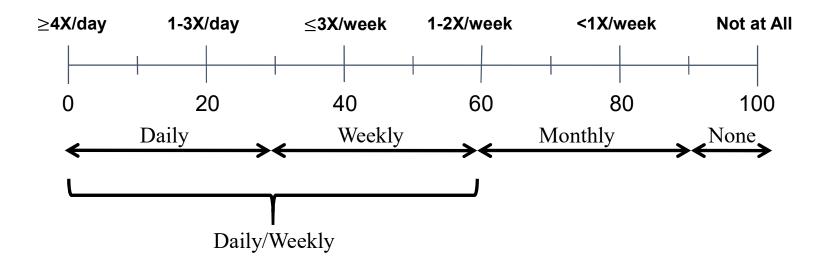
**Secondary QoL Outcome



Interpreting and Stratifying SAQ Scores

SAQ Angina Frequency Scale:

Over the past 4 weeks, how often have you had angina?

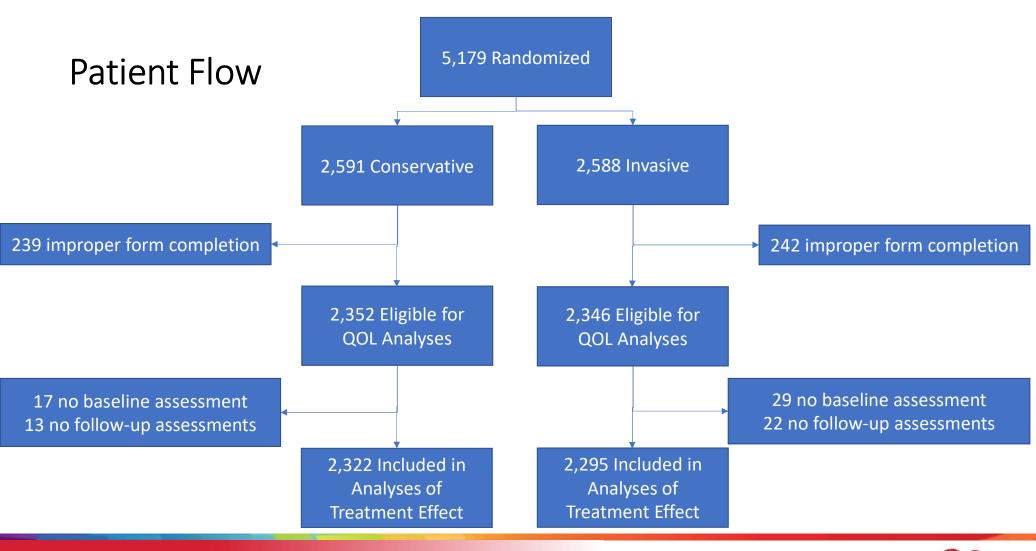




Statistical Methods

- Simple descriptive statistics of observed mean scores
- Mixed-effect proportional odds models for all QOL scales
 - Treatment effect = Odds ratio for $QOL \ge X$, at each time point
 - Results transformed to individual SAQ scales
- Bayesian methods used for all models to directly estimate probability of treatment effect with posterior means and 95% posterior density intervals
- Analyses performed for all patients and stratified by baseline angina
 - e.g. daily/weekly vs. several times per month vs. no angina







Baseline Health Status

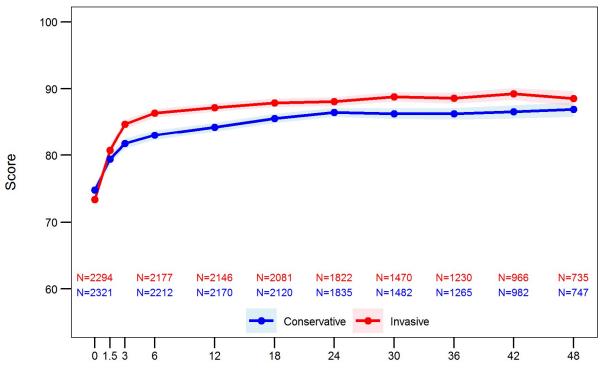
Scale	Invasive	Conservative
SAQ Summary Score	73.3±19	74.8±19
SAQ Quality of Life Score	60.9±27	62.7±26
SAQ Angina Frequency Score	80.8±20	82.1±19
Daily/Weekly Angina	21.6%	19.0%
Several Times per Month	44.1%	44.5%
No Angina	34.3%	36.6%





Description of Observed Data

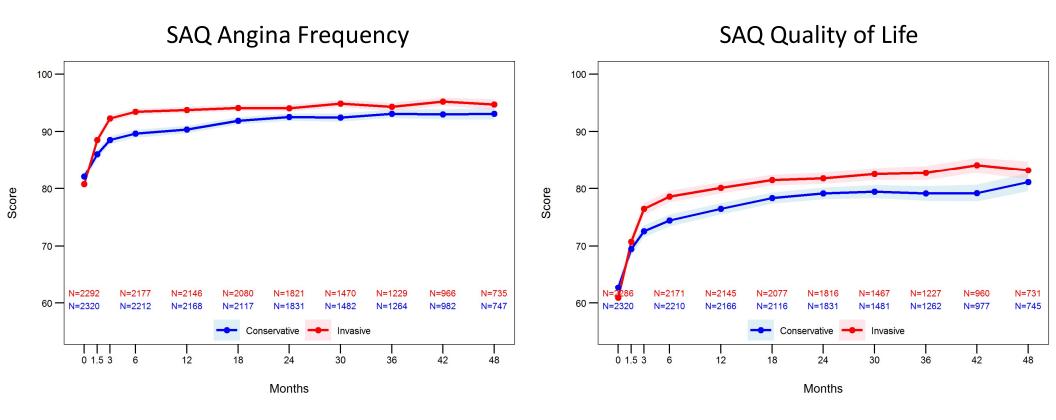
SAQ Summary Score



Months



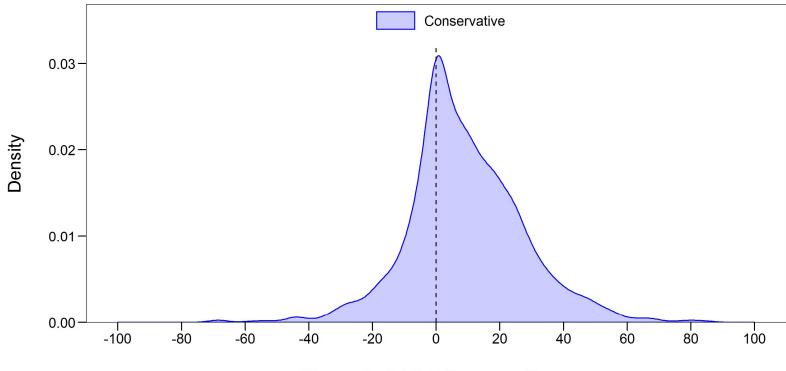
Description of Observed Data







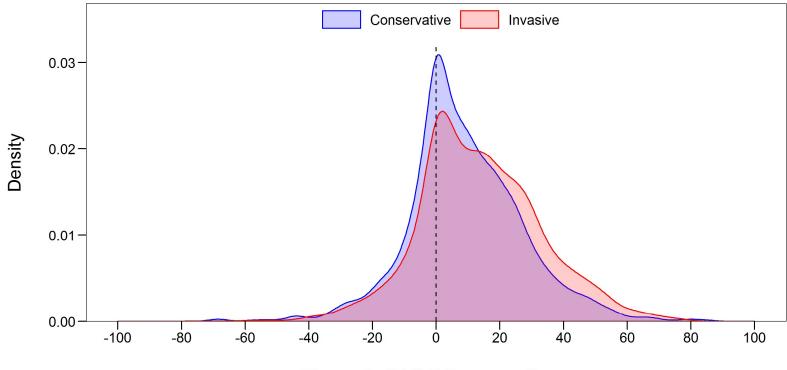
Improvement in SAQ Summary Score at 12 Months



Change in SAQ-7 Summary Score



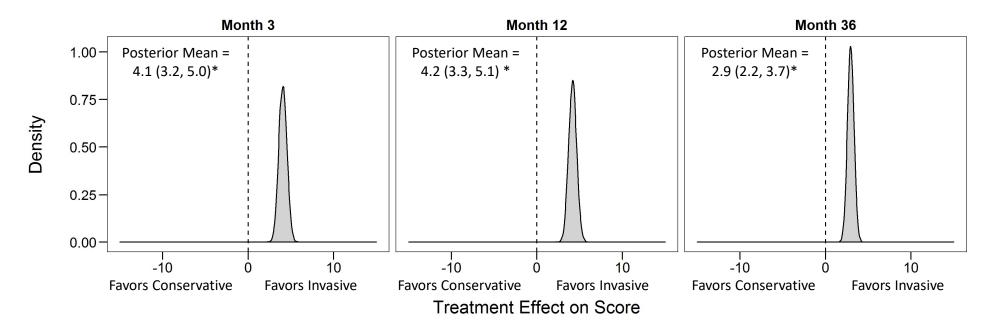
Improvement in SAQ Summary Score at 12 Months



Change in SAQ-7 Summary Score



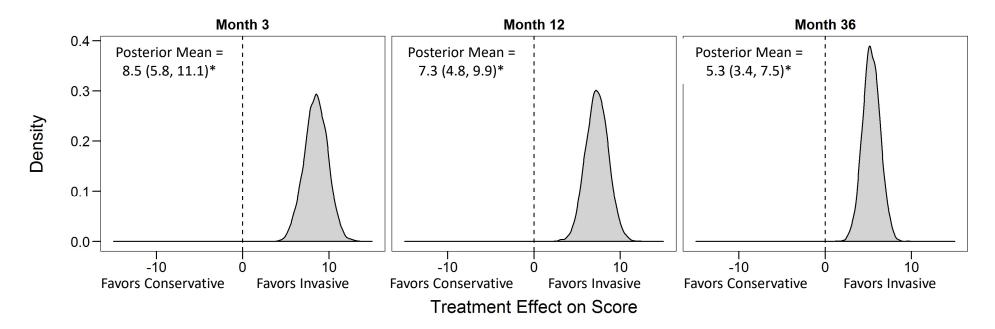
Typical Patient in ISCHEMIA



*95% Highest Posterior Density Interval



Typical Patient with Daily to Weekly Angina



*95% Highest Posterior Density Interval



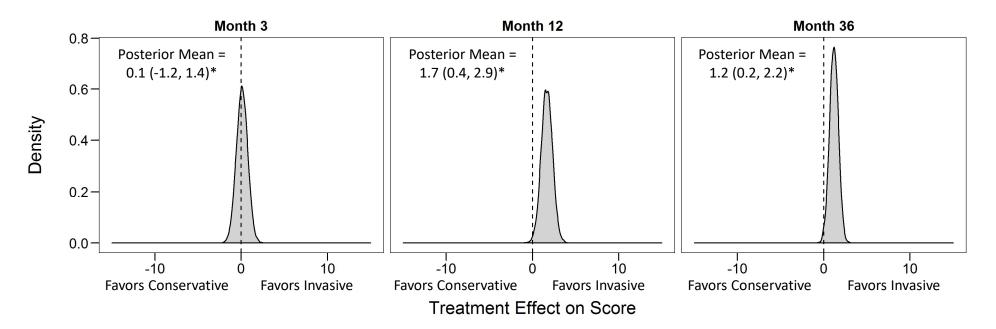
Month 3 Month 12 Month 36 Posterior Mean = Posterior Mean = Posterior Mean = 5.5 (4.3, 6.9)* 4.8 (3.4, 6.1)* 3.1 (2.0, 4.2)* 0.6 Density 0.4 0.2-0.0 -10 10 -10 10 -10 0 0 10 0 Favors Conservative **Favors Invasive Favors Conservative** Favors Invasive Favors Conservative Favors Invasive Treatment Effect on Score

Typical Patient with at least Monthly Angina

*95% Highest Posterior Density Interval



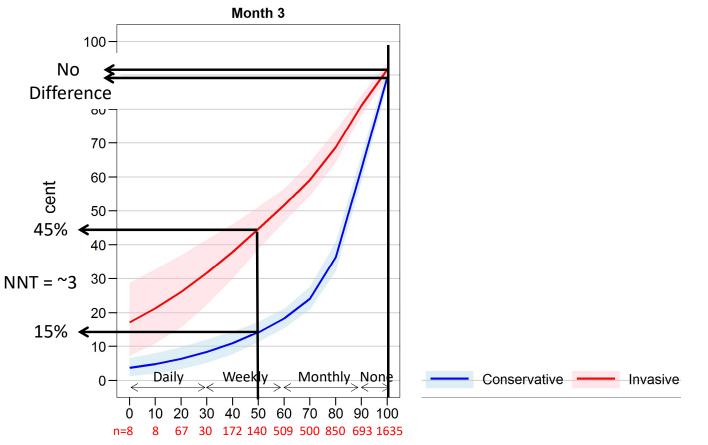
Typical Patient with No Angina



*95% Highest Posterior Density Interval



Probability of No Angina by Baseline Angina Frequency



Baseline SAQ-7 Angina Frequency Score





Limitations

- Missing SAQ data, although small (<10%)
- Skewed enrollment towards less symptomatic patients
 - The larger effects in more symptomatic still clearly assessable
- No sham group
 - Nonetheless, angina-free benefits comparable with that seen in ORBITA



Conclusions

- Patients with stable CAD and moderate to severe ischemia had significant, durable improvements in angina control and quality of life with an invasive strategy *if they had angina* (daily/weekly or monthly)
- In patients without angina, an invasive strategy led to minimal symptom or quality of life benefits, as compared with a conservative strategy
- In patients with angina, shared decision-making should occur to align treatment with patients' goals and preferences



Thank you....

- Quality of Life Core Lab: Philip Jones, Dan Mark, Khaula Baloch, Lisa Hatch
- ISCHEMIA Trial Chair & Co-Chair: Judith Hochman, David Maron
- ISCHEMIA Analytic Center and DSMB: Sean O'Brien, Frank Harrell
- ISCHEMIA Site PIs and Data Coordinators
- The Patients volunteering to participate in ISCHEMIA



Backup Slides





Sint Luke's MID AMERICA HEART INSTITUTE SIHD Management after ISCHEMIA

